Reliable Test Results

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Kobe Steel scandal deepens over quality of products used in cars and aircraft

Japanese company admits it falsified data, with Nissan, Ford, Toyota, Honda, Mazda and Subaru among its clients

Japan's third-biggest steelmaker, Kobe Steel, is embroiled in a deepening scandal over the quality of products including aluminium and copper used in cars, aircraft, space rockets and defence equipment.
Reliable Test Results - Agenda

Reliable test results are a fundamental and highly topical aspect of materials testing.

Using suitable examples we would like to show you how we view this topic, what we are doing in support of it and what practical use this is to you, our customers.

We would like to consider the following questions.

- **Terminology/definition** - what does 'Reliable Test Results' actually mean?

- **Examples** - you will see examples of solutions which will help to make your test results accurate, repeatable, reproducible and traceable.

- **Customer benefits** - what advantages do reliable test results offer?
Reliable Test Results rest on 4 key overriding themes.

- accurate
- repeatable
- reproducible
- traceable
Definition: accurate

Individual test results which are close to each other and in average are close to the reference value, are accurate.
Example: accurate – regular checks

Regular checks ensure that test results are only obtained using correctly functioning testing equipment.

testXpert II supports regular checks. The result can be stored and documented together. An overview is available whenever required.
Accurate results for compression tests are ensured by means of automatic real-time correction of machine deformation.

Example: accurate – testXpert III correction curve

- maximum possible displacement measurement and positioning accuracy in compression tests using the crosshead travel encoder.
- control is directly through the corrected channel, allowing displacement targets to be attained exactly.
Example: accurate – testXpert III alignment SW

In the case of brittle specimens, or in creep and fatigue tests, the exact alignment of the load string is critical to obtaining accurate test results.

Correct specimen alignment

- determination of angular error and offset error using a strain-gaged alignment transducer
- mechanical correction via alignment unit + testXpert III software
Example: accurate – **measuring tensile modulus**

The severe demands of tensile modulus measurements on plastics mean that high-accuracy extensometers are an essential requirement

**Requirements**

- calibration as per ISO 9513, Class 1
- determination of tensile modulus measured distance with an accuracy of ± 1% (ISO 527:2012, normative Annex C)

Determinaton of the tensile modulus of plastics is performed using both, contact and non-contact extensometers.
Example: accurate – **measuring tensile modulus**

Accurate strain rates can be achieved by use of parallel closing grips. This is important when testing viscoelastic materials.

**Precise tensile modulus results**

The strain rate is constantly too low, due to the movement of the wedges.

**The laboratory generates precise, but not true results.**

**Accurate tensile modulus results**

Parallel closing grips constantly provide the correct strain rate.

**The laboratory generates precise and true and therefore accurate results.**
Example: accurate – **strain rate control**

laserXtens Array is a universal non-contacting extensometer for accurate strain measurement according to latest ISO standard

- Initial gage length from 1.5 mm – 240 mm for smallest samples
- Multiple cameras guarantee a wide FOV and high resolution measurements
- Reliable strain rate controlled test speeds

![Test setup and measured strain rate](image-url)
Definition: repeatable

The same measurement procedure, the same operator, the same measuring equipment, the same location and the same test conditions. The repetition of measurements within short intervals of time is the only variable factor.
Example: repeatable – automation

By automating tests, optimum test-result repeatability is achieved.

During a comparison between a manual testing machine and an automated testing machine at a customer, significant improvements in standard deviation $\sigma$ were achieved.

- Tensile, flexural testing
- Barcode identification
- Easy change between automatic and manual operation.

Automated testing ensures highly uniform insertion of specimens into the testing machine and exact repetition of test sequences.
Example: repeatable – compression test

Compression tests on long-fiber-reinforced composites are particularly demanding; the correct test fixture is an essential requirement.

- Specimen alignment must be very accurate to prevent bending and buckling during the test.
- An axial offset of just 10 µm will result in an invalid test to ASTM D6641 due to bending.
The HCCF enabled considerably more valid tests to be performed compared with the Celanese compression fixture.

Test conditions

- specimen as per compression test standard prEN 2850
- specimen geometry A1 (10 x 2 mm)
- 18 measurements per fixture
- force application: shear loading via tabs

Objective: evaluation of bending criterion at 10 %$F_{\text{max}}$

A statistically assured result is achieved with significantly fewer specimens.
Example: repeatable - system configuration builder

You can define test conditions with our unique System Configuration Builder, which guarantees repeatability of the test results.
Example: repeatable system configuration builder

TestXpert III always knows how, where and with what the test is performed and offers maximum safety for the user and the testing system.
Example: repeatable – Specimen grips

Patented hydraulic grips allow repeatable test of standard and even very short specimen sizes.

- Material savings due to shorter clamping length
- Small specimens taken from components can be tested
- No visual or physical obstructions for optical or mechanical extensometers, even with very short grip-to-grip-separation

The gripper actuators are stabilized and kept parallel by a third actuator.

Example:
Shoulder width 20 mm, Fmax 50 kN, Gripping force 100 kN
⇒ Required clamping length only 6 mm!
(surface pressure up to 1,000 N/mm²)
Definition – Reproducible

The same measurement procedure, similar measuring equipment, generally at different locations, multiple operators and test conditions, as well as performing the measurement over a lengthy period of time.
In a direct comparison Zwick showed up to 4x better reproducibility.

**Test conditions**

- Two sets of technologically comparable testing equipment: load cells to Class 1, pneumatic grips and automatic extensometers.
- Test as per ISO 527-2/1A, conditioning in standard climatic environment as per ISO 291.
- Comparative measurements with 3 operators on 3 different days (May 2015).

The difference was in the reproducibility of the results. The competing model displayed up to 4 times greater scatter.
Measuring instruments with a smaller results spread, means that a larger assured tolerance band is available for the production process.
Example: reproducible – strain rate control

The revised standard for metallic materials (ISO 6892-1 (2009)) recommends the strain rate based test speed control for best accuracy and reproducibility of results.

- The measured extension of the sample defines the crosshead speed in the strain control ‘closed loop’ technology.
- Actual tensile speed at the sample is taken into account and has to be kept to the given standard value -> Correct speed = correct results
- Rp0.2 and ReH are more stable and more repeatable
- The test cycle (time) is optimized
- The influence of system stiffness is clearly reduced

Please note: Measurements are in the micrometer range and therefore sensitive to external influences.
Over 600 Standard test programs pre-configured in accordance with test standards ensure a high degree of reproducibility.

- All relevant parameters and the report are already preset and conform to specific test requirements and standards.
- Special functions & terminology make testXpert III tests optimized for each industry.
- All results required to meet the standards are already created and integrated in the results tables and statistics.

A Standard Compliant Test can instantly started within a few seconds with the Open & Search dialog function.
testXpert III Re-Run with videoXtens enables retrospective determination of true (= correct) strain values in the event of specimen breaks outside the original gage-marks.

- correction of initial gage-length position possible if necking of specimen outside original initial gage-length has occurred
- evaluation of local strains at different points (component testing)

Customer can correct initial gage-lengths, avoiding the need for an additional test with a new specimen.
Example: reproducible – testXpert III

Compare test results with TENSTAND software validation to ensure reproducible test results (Part of ISO 6892-1 2009).

Internationally agreed raw data sets and internationally agreed tensile test results ensure reproducibility in the calculation of characteristic values.
Example: reproducible – cross-section $S_0$

The width and thickness of a specimen must be measured correctly; deviations may have significant effects.

What must attention be paid to?

- zeroing
- application/ force
- tilting/twisting
- positioning
- de-burring
- cleaning
The Zwick cross-section measuring unit (CMU) improves measurement uncertainty, thereby significantly improving test-result reproducibility.

Example: reproducible – **cross-section $S_0$**

- Vernier calipers & micrometer
- CMU

![Graph showing measurement uncertainty comparison between Vernier calipers, micrometer, and CMU for an area of 20 x 0.8 mm².](image)
Definition: traceable

The test result was determined how, when, where, and by whom?
Customers require reliable and traceable data.

- **Restrictions on access - user management**
  - special requirements for passwords
  - account blocked in the event of unauthorized access
  - LDAP (uses Windows user-name & password)
  - auto log-off
  - user-groups with individual rights distribution

- **Traceability – electronic recording**
  - logging system & test program

- **Data are safeguarded against manipulation - electronic signature**
  - signed test program
  - signed test series

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Example: traceable – **testXpert III/Medical**

EU GMP Guideline Annex 11
Example: traceable – video capture

Crack propagation measurements become traceable and more comfortable by use of the motorized Video-capturing system.

- videos synchronized exactly with the test
- repositioning of crack points after testing
- additional single frames from the video can be generated for interesting points in the test sequence

At the end of the test the user has the option of visually reconstructing the specimen behavior.
Conclusions - reliable test results

Zwick, together with its machine and software solutions, stands for accuracy, repeatability and reproducibility and for seamless result traceability.

Our machines operate with precision. The average of the test results obtained is very close to the reference value.

When tests are repeated under the same conditions, the results obtained are closely grouped.

When Zwick machines performing the same test are compared, the results are reproducible.

The continuous documentation of calibrations and tests makes all results transparent and traceable.

accurate  repeatable  reproducible  traceable